

Addition von Brüchen

Aufgabe 1: Berechne

$$1) \quad 2 \frac{3}{8} + 3 \frac{6}{8} =$$

$$2) \quad 8 \frac{6}{8} + 3 \frac{9}{14} =$$

$$3) \quad 7 \frac{3}{7} + 3 \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$4) \quad 6 \frac{9}{13} + 9 \frac{3}{8} =$$

$$5) \quad 5 \frac{3}{7} + 3 \frac{7}{11} =$$

$$6) \quad 7 \frac{6}{9} + 5 \frac{6}{11} =$$

$$7) \quad 10 \frac{9}{12} + 5 \frac{5}{9} =$$

$$8) \quad 9 \frac{9}{12} + 8 \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$9) \quad 10 \frac{7}{12} + 4 \frac{7}{13} =$$

$$10) \quad 6 \frac{4}{7} + 5 \frac{4}{8} =$$

$$11) \quad 4 \frac{4}{7} + 9 \frac{3}{6} =$$

$$12) \quad 10 \frac{4}{6} + 9 \frac{10}{13} =$$

Lösung:

$$1) \quad 2 \frac{3}{8} + 3 \frac{6}{8} = 2 \frac{3}{8} + 3 \frac{6}{8} = 5 \frac{9}{8} = 6 \frac{1}{8} = 6 \frac{1}{8}$$

$$2) \quad 8 \frac{6}{8} + 3 \frac{9}{14} = 8 \frac{42}{56} + 3 \frac{36}{56} = 11 \frac{78}{56} = 12 \frac{22}{56} = 12 \frac{11}{28}$$

$$3) \quad 7 \frac{3}{7} + 3 \frac{3}{5} = 7 \frac{15}{35} + 3 \frac{21}{35} = 10 \frac{36}{35} = 11 \frac{1}{35} = 11 \frac{1}{35}$$

$$4) \quad 6 \frac{9}{13} + 9 \frac{3}{8} = 6 \frac{72}{104} + 9 \frac{39}{104} = 15 \frac{111}{104} = 16 \frac{7}{104} = 16 \frac{7}{104}$$

$$5) \quad 5 \frac{3}{7} + 3 \frac{7}{11} = 5 \frac{33}{77} + 3 \frac{49}{77} = 8 \frac{82}{77} = 9 \frac{5}{77} = 9 \frac{5}{77}$$

$$6) \quad 7 \frac{6}{9} + 5 \frac{6}{11} = 7 \frac{66}{99} + 5 \frac{54}{99} = 12 \frac{120}{99} = 13 \frac{21}{99} = 13 \frac{7}{33}$$

$$7) \quad 10 \frac{9}{12} + 5 \frac{5}{9} = 10 \frac{27}{36} + 5 \frac{20}{36} = 15 \frac{47}{36} = 16 \frac{11}{36} = 16 \frac{11}{36}$$

$$8) \quad 9 \frac{9}{12} + 8 \frac{2}{5} = 9 \frac{45}{60} + 8 \frac{24}{60} = 17 \frac{69}{60} = 18 \frac{9}{60} = 18 \frac{3}{20}$$

$$9) \quad 10 \frac{7}{12} + 4 \frac{7}{13} = 10 \frac{91}{156} + 4 \frac{84}{156} = 14 \frac{175}{156} = 15 \frac{19}{156} = 15 \frac{19}{156}$$

$$10) \quad 6 \frac{4}{7} + 5 \frac{4}{8} = 6 \frac{32}{56} + 5 \frac{28}{56} = 11 \frac{60}{56} = 12 \frac{4}{56} = 12 \frac{1}{14}$$

$$11) \quad 4 \frac{4}{7} + 9 \frac{3}{6} = 4 \frac{24}{42} + 9 \frac{21}{42} = 13 \frac{45}{42} = 14 \frac{3}{42} = 14 \frac{1}{14}$$

$$12) \quad 10 \frac{4}{6} + 9 \frac{10}{13} = 10 \frac{52}{78} + 9 \frac{60}{78} = 19 \frac{112}{78} = 20 \frac{34}{78} = 20 \frac{17}{39}$$